

Anniversary Celebrations of the May 3rd Constitution

Sacramento Daily Union

12 June 1868

The anniversary of the 3rd of May, memorable in Polish history as the day on which the Constitution of 1791 was adopted, has been celebrated in Paris every year for the last thirty-six years by a meeting of the Polish Historical Society, at which the chief incident has been the delivery of an address by Prince Adam Czartoryski, and, since the death of Prince Adam, by his son, Prince Ladislas Czartoryski, on the condition and prospects of Poland. This year, for some reason unexplained, the Paris meeting did not take place; but a deputation from the Polish Historical Society of Paris, with Prince Ladislas Czartoryski at its head, came to London, and was received at the rooms of the Literary Society of the Friends of Poland, where, in the presence of a distinguished

Delivery of an address by
Prince Ladislaus (Władysław) Czartoryski
Paris, France

Daily Alta California
May 1880

**They Maintain a Stiff Upper Lip on the
Subject of the Constitution of 1791.**

Mr. Alex. Bednowski of San Francisco, member
of the Polish Society of California, has furnished
the following communication to the ALTA :

The Polish Patriots, residents of Philadelphia,
having assembled on the 3d inst. in Northern Liberty
Hall for the celebration of the Polish Constitution
of May 3d, 1791, adopted the following resolutions,
which have been published in some dailies of that
city, and which you may be pleased to give room in
the columns of your worthy paper :

Provided to the *Daily Alta* by
Aleksander Bednawski of San Francisco

Member of the Polish Society of California
Veteran of the November 1830 Uprising

Marysville Daily Appeal
May 1892

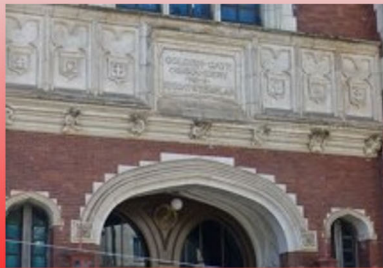
—Great Polish festival and celebration of
the anniversary of the Polish constitution.

Great Polish festival and celebration of
the anniversary of the Polish constitution

POLES IN LEAGUE AGAINST RUSSIA

Local Societies Form Union---
Will Raise Funds to Help
Their Countrymen.

San Francisco Chronicle
April 14, 1913



Golden Gate Commandery Hall, 2135 Sutter

There are 1500 Poles in San Francisco, it was brought out yesterday. These are banded together in three societies, the largest of which is the Polish Society of California, Branch No. 7. In the United States are nearly 5,000,000 Poles. These are preparing to form one large league, which will contribute to the fund by which Poland hopes to regain recognition as a country.

F. Strzelecki presided at the mass meeting. Speakers were as follows: Mme. Felicia Romanowska, the Polish prima donna; S. Maliszewski, a veteran of the Polish revolution of 1863; J. Szymanski, R. Protasiewicz, W. Jezewicz, F. Gruszczyński and others.

Announcement was made of a celebration of the adoption of the Polish constitution in 1794, to be held on May 18th, at Golden Gate Commandery Hall, Sutter street, between Steiner and Pierce. There will be special music and several prominent speakers, including Mayor Rolph and Professor George R. Noyes of the department of Slavonic languages, University of California.

February 2, 1915, *SF Chronicle*

FLAG DAY TO AID POLISH SUFFERERS

Relief Committee Formed in This City to Aid Victims of the War.

An American Polish Relief Committee of San Francisco has been organized, and plans are being made for a Polish Flag day to be held in this city Saturday, February 6th. The relief committee is:

MESDAMES

W. H. Crocker	C. Frederiek Kohl
Henry T. Scott	Robert Oxnard
M. H. de Young	H. S. Wallace
Osmond Hooker	J. A. Folger
W. S. Franklin	B. Kryslakowa
Francis Carolan	Felicia Romanowska
Mountford Wilson	K. Narbut-Tadevich
Bishop Hanna	Judge P. J. Murasky
Mayor Ralph	Dr. L. Pawlicki
Professor G. R. Noyes	

MESSRS.

J. B. Landfield	J. Roszkowski
F. Jacobi	K. Zagrzewski
W. G. Hartins	N. Dye
F. A. Kuczynski	A. Muracko
P. Brzuza	C. S. Konezalski
L. Nowakowski	Mieczyslaw Waniorek
J. Lazowski	

The officers of the committee are: Dr. John E. Plimaz, president; Casimir E. Szymanski, secretary; A. Czarnecki, treasurer.

The Crocker National Bank is the depository, and funds may be mailed to members of the committee or directly to the bank.

The committee will have the cooperation of the Princess Poniatowski in Paris, who is a sister of Mrs. W. H. Crocker. Mrs. W. S. Franklin of the committee is a Pole, and especially interested in relieving the distress in Galicia, her native country.

The Polish Flag day has been organized in answer to the appeal from the Polish Central Relief Committee of Chicago, represented by Most Rev. J. Weber, Archbishop; Right Rev. F. P. Rhode and Right Rev. E. Kozlowski, Bishops, and its president, Antoni Karabasz, the censor of the Polish National Alliance of the United States. Similar flag days were organized in other parts of the country on January 24th, and proved to be a great success.

Poles to Celebrate "Constitutional Day"

Under the management of a committee headed by Judge Frank J. Murasky, the 450 families of Poles in San Francisco will celebrate May 2d in commemoration of the adoption of the Polish constitution of May 2, 1791, at the Knights of Columbus Hall, 150 Golden Gate avenue.

Prominent among the numbers on the programme are an oration on the Polish question by Mayor James Rolph Jr., a lecture on "Suffering Ireland and Suffering Poland," by Neal Power, past grand master of the Knights of Columbus, and "The Polish Constitution of May 2, 1791," by George R. Noyes, a professor of Berkeley. The programme will be liberally interspersed with musical numbers.

"Lecture on
suffering
Ireland and
suffering
Poland"

San Francisco Chronicle
April 22, 1915

This afternoon in Knights of Columbus Hall, Polish patriots will assemble to celebrate their national day, in accord with their traditional love of country and in commemoration of the heroic sacrifices of the past and the present made in its behalf.

Today will also mark the first anniversary of the organization of a Polish congregation on this Coast under the pastorate of Rev. Father John, a member of the Order of Friars Minor.

May 3d is the anniversary of the issuing of the Polish constitution in 1791, and the memory of the historic event commemorated on the eve is dear to every Polish man and woman. It is what the Fourth of July is to the heart of every true American. Pope Pius VI gave his blessing to the Polish constitution of May 3, 1791, saying in conferring it:

"It is difficult to believe with what joy we have received the good news of your great constitution, and we cherish the greatest confidence that the Polish nation, that people so ardently loved by us, will soon grow in universal prosperity and contentment based on such an excellent form of government."

It is 126 years ago, and with all the sufferings and joys, sunshine and shadows that have buoyed and depressed in turn the Pole the world over, he is true to his patriotic love of country and religion.

Arrangements for this afternoon's celebration are in the hands of a committee directed by Rev. Father John, with Judge Frank J. Murasky as chairman, Dr. L. Pawlicki, J. Piasecki, L. Kowalkowski, Maryan Dye, W. Wisniewski, C. E. Srymanski and Madames W. S. Franklin, H. Narbutt, F. Romanowska, A. Krywicki and R. Rybicka.

Addresses will be made by Mayor Rolph, Judge Murasky and Professor G. R. Noyes of the University of California.

The music of the programme will glow with the spirit and devotion of Poland, among those to render selections being H. Narbutt, F. Romanowska, Miss Joanna Christoffy and Miss Lilie Peltiers.

Knights of Columbus Building, 150 Golden Gate Av

San Francisco Chronicle
May 2, 1915

Polish Relief Affair To Be Given Sunday

To raise funds for the relief of war

To raise funds for the relief of war sufferers in Poland, the local Polish colony, through the American Polish Relief Committee of San Francisco, will celebrate the Polish constitution of May 3, 1791, with an elaborate entertainment Sunday afternoon at Swedish-American Hall, 2174 Market street. Mme. Felicia Romanowska, the Polish prima donna, will sing.

Swedish American Hall
<https://swedishamericanhall.com/>

San Francisco Call, May 1916



San Francisco

Polish Celebration Is Attended by Thousands

By the Associated Press.

BERLIN, May 4, by wireless to Sayville.—Despatches from Warsaw to the Overseas News Agency today report a notable celebration there of the 125th anniversary of the granting of the Polish constitution by King Stanislaus Augustus. The celebration which took place May 3, was begun with high mass at the Johannes Cathedral and was continued with a civic procession in which about 250,000 persons participated, according to the news agency advices.

Catholic and Protestant clergymen and Jewish rabbis together with veterans of the revolution of 1863 participated in the demonstration. Public meetings were held throughout the city. Speakers included M. Lermicky, a member of the Duma.

In all the towns of Poland under German occupation similar celebrations were held.

"This was the first time since 1815 that the Poles had been permitted to celebrate the anniversary," says the news agency report. "Previously Poles who attempted such a celebration were arrested and sent to Siberia."

First time since 1815 that the Poles had been permitted to celebrate the anniversary...

Previously Poles who attempted such a celebration were arrested and sent to Siberia.

San Jose Mercury News
May 5, 1916

Polish Women's Club To Observe Holiday

Under the auspices of the Polish Women's Society, a celebration honoring Polish Constitution day will be presented at Veterans' Hall next Sunday evening for the benefit of the Polish Boy Scouts of San Francisco. The program includes surprise contests, dancing and a musical revue.

Veterans
Veterans Free Employ
" Hall 431 Duboce av

San Francisco Chronicle
April 29, 1924

ON THE AIR LANES

Josef Lhevinne Will Celebrate Polish Constitution
Day With Chopin Program Over N. B. C.

Playing an all-Chopin program in honor of the one hundred and forty-second anniversary of Polish Constitution day, Josef Lhevinne, pianist, will be heard over KGO and a coast-to-coast N. B. C. network today at 5:30 p. m. His solos, without orchestral accompaniment, will include the first movement of Chopin's Sonata in B minor, two mazurkas, two etudes, the prelude in F sharp major and the polonaise in A flat major.

Chopin, who lived through some of the most stirring times in Poland's history before making his home in Paris, reflects his love of country in many of his compositions.

San Francisco Chronicle
May 3, 1933

WEDNESDAY

KFO—Annual convention of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States. 8 a. m.; **Polish Constitution Day** program. 2:45 p. m.

KGO—Josef Lhevinne, pianist, in all-Chopin program. 5:30 p. m.; Adventures of Sherlock Holmes. 8:15 p. m.

April 30, 1933, *SF Chronicle*

Stamp Issues in the News

Nations Celebrate Independence

One of Poland's most famous heroes, John Sobieski is pictured on the 50gr reddish violet. He is shown entering Vienna in 1683 when the city was delivered from the Turks.

The adoption of the Polish Constitution in 1791 is the event honored on the 55gr blue which depicts the union of the three estates — nobles, commoners and peasants.

This constitution was short lived. The French revolution led to a partition of the kingdom and Russia, fearing that Poland would become a strong State, encroached further on the small nation's territory. Patriots active in revolts against these invasions were Dąbrowski, Kościuszko, and Piłsudski pictured on the 70gr olive stamp.

The 1 złoty orange gives us an allegorical scene honoring a revolt against the Russians in 1830.

San Francisco Chronicle
January 15, 1939

Parry: Beck

Not to be outdone, the Polish press started a campaign of its own. A national holiday (148th anniversary of the Polish constitution) served as rallying occasion for patriots. The Poles were not content with damning the Germans and their demands, but broke out with far-fetched counter-slogans, such as, "Danzig for the Poles!" "East Prussia must be Polish!"

San Francisco Chronicle, May 7, 1939

Polish Constitution Day

May 3, tomorrow, means to Poles what July Fourth means to Americans.

On May 3, 1791, two years after the adoption of the Constitution of the United States, the Diet of Poland adopted a democratic constitution which showed the influence of the French and American Revolutions, and which established a constitutional monarchy. Many liberties were guaranteed to the people; the nobility stripped of various powers; residents of towns for the first time were given protection of the law and the peasants were given representation in the Diet.

But the Polish Constitution was short-lived. Assailed, invaded, partitioned Poland by 1795 had ceased to exist as a nation. The heroes of this period were Kosciuszko and Pulaski, we all remember from our school books, heroes of the American Revolutions. Kosciuszko early in 1794 drove the Russians from Warsaw and Vilna, but overwhelming Russian reinforcement later doomed the Poles. During the long century and a quarter of Poland's captivity, its territories were split among Germany, Russia and Austria. May 3 represented to patriots the dream that Poland would again rise as a nation.

Poland did rise again. Its independence was recognized by the Treaty of Versailles in 1919. Twenty years later, Hitler marched, and once again Poland was submerged as a nation. But throughout the world, Poles—and thousands of Americans of Polish descent—still hope and fight, still live and die—for freedom.

Poland has been German-occupied since 1939, but thousands of Poles are still fighting in the armies of the United Nations. The First Polish Corps in England, and the air corps of some 16,000 have seen action in Africa, the Near East and other places. Between six and eight divisions of Polish troops are fighting with the Russians. Polish dead in the 1939 campaign has been estimated at 1,000,000 men. In the neighborhood of 2,000,000 Poles have been transported into Germany and placed at forced labor. But neither these lamentable losses nor all of Germany's savage repressive measures have crushed resistance in the occupied country.

We can well give a salute tomorrow, and every day, to Poland.

Chico Record, May 2, 1942

This Is Poland's Constitution Day

Today is a great Polish holiday—marking the 152d anniversary of the Polish constitution.

The Consul General of Poland in San Francisco, W. Sokolowski, said his people “see in the constitution an embodiment of great conceptions of fundamental importance.

In time of good fortune the constitution is a source of noble pride; in times of difficulty and sorrow, it is a consolation and hope, and, above all, a source of strength.”

San Francisco Chronicle, May 3, 1943

Polish Constitution Anniversary Party

→ The Polish Society of California will observe the 157th anniversary of the Polish Constitution at a meeting tomorrow night in Polish Hall, 3040 Twenty-second street.

Zygmunt Podbielski, Polish Army officer, and Florian Niklasiewicz, will be speakers.

Polish Society of California
3040 22nd Street

San Francisco Chronicle, May 7, 1948

Golden Gate Park Concourse, 1951

Poles of S. F. To Celebrate

Program Sunday at
Park Concourse

San Franciscans of Polish extraction will celebrate Polish Constitution Day Sunday at the Music Concourse in Golden Gate Park, it was announced yesterday.

Mayor Elmer E. Robinson will be the speaker at the program starting at 2 p. m.

Polish national dances by the Madelynnne Greene Dance Group and Polish melodies by the Gold-

Mayor Elmer E. Robinson
Speaker
Music Concourse

San Francisco Examiner 9
Thursday, May 3, 1951 —W— CC*

Golden Gate Park Band under the direction of Ralph Murray, with vocal numbers by Emily Schneider and Josephine Hunter, will feature the balance of the program.

https://socalfolkdance.org/master_teachers/greene_m.htm

San Francisco Examiner, May 3, 1951

Polish Fete Here Today

Governor Knight Will
Give Address

San Franciscans of Polish descent will observe Polish Constitution Day today with a full schedule of musical events and speeches at the music concourse in Golden Gate Park.

Commencing at 2 p. m., a special Polish musical program will be played by the Golden Gate Park Band, under the direction of Ralph Murray. A Polish dance group from Redwood City will then perform a series of famous Polish folk dances.

Governor Goodwin Knight will speak.

In keeping with the celebration, Mayor Robinson has proclaimed today, May 2, as Polish Constitution Day in San Francisco.

Governor Goodwin Knight, Speaker

San Francisco Examiner, May 2, 1954

San Francisco Chronicle | Monday, May 03, 1954 | San Francisco, CA |

bound < > Q "polish constitution day" Find

and Franklin streets. Francisco Public Schools.

Gov. Knight Predicts Liberation of Poland

Governor Goodwin J. Knight predicted the ultimate liberation of Poland from Soviet domination yesterday.

He addressed some 1500 people gathered at the Golden Gate Park Music Concourse to celebrate "Polish Constitution Day"—the 163d anniversary of the adoption of the short-lived Polish Constitution.

Governor Knight praised the Polish Constitution as a significant document in the history of man's will to liberty, even though Poland, conquered by invaders, was not able to enjoy its benefits very long.

"Despite oppression, the spirit of liberty has never died in Poland," he said. "Evidence seeping through rusty holes in the Iron Curtain informs us armed bands of patriots are operating against the Soviet-dominated government."

The Golden Gate Park Band played Polish airs and the Polish Redwood City Dance Group performed folk dances. Governor Knight was introduced by Stanley Walczak, president of the American-Polish Citizens Club.

SF Chronicle, May 3, 1954

Golden Gate Park Music Concourse, 1955

Poles to Celebrate Constitution Day

The 164th anniversary of the Polish constitution will be celebrated by Bay area Polish people Sunday.

The celebration will begin at 11 a. m. with a Solemn High Mass at Mission Dolores Basilica. Constitution Day ceremonies will be held at 2 p. m. in the Golden Gate Park Music Concourse.

Mayor Robinson, who has proclaimed Sunday as Polish Constitution Day in San Francisco, will be principal speaker.

Mayor Elmer E. Robinson

San Francisco Examiner, April 25, 1955

Special Program Celebrates Polish Constitution Day

Hundreds of San Franciscans celebrated Polish Constitution Day yesterday at a special program in the Golden Gate Park Music Concourse.

The program included costumed Polish dancers, Polish songs sung by Alicja Pomian and music by the Municipal Band, under the direction of Ralph Murray.

San Franciscans of Polish descent began the day's observance by attending a Solemn High Mass at 11 a. m. at Mission Dolores Church.

May 2, 1955, *SF Chronicle*

Golden Gate Music Concourse, 1956

OBSERVANCE SET BY POLES

Bay area residents of Polish descent will gather next Sunday at the music concourse in Golden Gate Park to commemorate the 165th anniversary of the short-lived Polish constitution.

It was adopted in 1791 but soon went under the conqueror's heel. Poland did not regain independence until after World War I but lost it again during World War II to the Germans and still later to the Communists.

But the document, the first in Europe to equalize the rights of all citizens, made an important contribution to the Polish heritage and Mayor Christopher, in proclaiming next Sunday as Polish constitution day, called it a great landmark in human freedom.

San Francisco Examiner, April 30, 1956

S. F. Poles Will Honor Constitution

Sunday will be **Polish Constitution Day** in San Francisco under a proclamation issued yesterday by Acting Mayor Harold S. Dobbs.

On that day, the 167th anniversary of the adoption of the Polish constitution in 1791 will be celebrated with a program at 2 p. m. at the Music Concourse in Golden Gate Park. It will be sponsored by the San Francisco chapter of the Polish-American Congress, Inc.

Dobbs noted that the Polish constitution was the first in Europe to equalize the rights of all citizens and added:

"In behalf of all the citizen of San Francisco, I salute our people of Polish extraction and congratulate them on keeping alive the intense love of freedom which has always burned bright in the heart of every Pole."

May 1, 1958, *SF Chronicle*

Polish Conclave Here Today

Lieutenant Governor Glenn M. Anderson will be featured speaker today at the opening of the two-day Polish American Congress here.

The convention, with 250 delegates from Polish groups in California and Arizona, will be held in the Polish Club Hall, 3040 22nd St. The Polish flag will fly from City Hall.

A morning mass at Nativity Church, 240 Fell St., followed by breakfast at the club will get the convention activities under way. President Izydor Brudzinski of Los Angeles is to officially open the conclave at 11:30 a. m.

Tonight a banquet in the hall will have Mayor Christopher designating this week as Polish American Congress Week in San Francisco. Lieutenant Governor Anderson is slated to speak about 7:30 p. m.

Mezzo-soprano Alicia Pomian will sing arias and the Polish Dance School will present folk dances after the main address.

The convention concludes tomorrow. The congress is a nationwide political group for the Polish communities in this country.

San Francisco Examiner, September 6, 1959

SF Poles Battle, Reach Accord

A dispute between factions of San Francisco's Polish community turned the normally sedate chambers of the Recreation and Park Commission into a debating forum.

The 36-minute argument—and six minute "peace" conference—started when Theofil Kot, president of the Polish American Congress and the United Polish Securities, routinely requested use of the Golden Gate Park music course May 8 to hold Polish Constitution Day ceremonies.

Dalegor W. Suchecki, chairman of the rival Polish Com-

munity Service, vigorously protested. His group had been granted permission to observe the Polish holiday a week earlier, May 1.

Commissioners ordered both sides to decide which "truly represents" the city's 12,000 citizens of Polish origin and return with the verdict.

After six minutes, the contestants emerged from their closed-door session to announce: "No compromise."

Then "in the interests of harmony among the Polish

people," Suchecki offered to give Kot his May 8 date if Suchecki's group could use the music concourse next October to celebrate another Polish observance, Pulaski Day.

The commissioners happily agreed.



FRANK NEWMAN
SPECIALISTS IN FASHIONS FOR THE HOME
23 Stonestown Mall, San Francisco

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San Francisco Examiner, April 15, 1960



Wanda and Caria Tomczykowska

Golden Gate Park Music Concourse, 1961

Polish Celebration Today

Authentic Polish folk dances and songs by Polish singers will highlight the Polish Constitution Day celebration at 2 p. m. today at the Golden Gate Park band concourse.

Children will perform the folk dances, and the guest soloist will be Taddeus Budzinske. The Municipal Band will take part in the celebration, and several selections will be sung by 20 members of the Army language department at the Presidio.

A reception will follow at Polish Hall, 22nd and Shottwell Sts.

San Francisco Examiner, May 14, 1961

Polish Celebration Today

Authentic Polish folk dances and songs by Polish singers will highlight the Polish Constitution Day celebration at 2 p. m. today at the Golden Gate Park band concourse.

Children will perform the folk dances, and the guest soloist will be Taddeus Budzinske. The Municipal Band will take part in the celebration, and several selections will be sung by 20 members of the Army language department at the Presidio.

A reception will follow at Polish Hall, 22nd and Shottwell Sts.

San Francisco Examiner, May 14, 1961

Mayor George Christopher issued three proclamations yesterday, making it **Polish Constitution Day**, Miss San Francisco Week, and Anti-Litter Month.

May 2, 1961, SF Chronicle

Golden Gate Music Concourse, 1964

Polish Day Program at Band Concert

Polish Constitution Day will be observed this afternoon during the Golden Gate Park band concert in the Music Concourse, beginning at 2 o'clock.

Mayor John F. Shelley will extend The City's greetings with a response by Teofil Kot of the Polish Society.

National Anthem:
"The Star Spangled Banner"
National Anthem of Poland
Polonaise Militaire Chopin
Polish Folk Tunes
and Dances Przbylski
Polish Folk Song "Maytime"
Carl Hague, tenor soloist
Menuet Paderewski
The "Mazur" Polish Children's
Dance Group
Wanda Tomczykowska, Director
Clarinet Polka Dziadunio
Reminiscences of Chopin
Winterbottom
(a) Trojak (b) Lowiczanka with Oberek
Children's Dance Group
Polish Folk Song, Chopin, Jackowska
Carl Hague, Soloist
Polonaise Tadeusz Kosciuszko, Clappe

The Mazur Polish Children's Dance Group

Wanda Tomczykowska, Director

San Francisco Examiner, May 3, 1964

Polish Festival In Golden Gate Park Sunday

The Bay Area's residents of **Polish descent** will celebrate Poland's Constitution Day Sunday in Golden Gate Park.

Speakers at the 2 p.m. affair will be State Sen. Eugene McAteer and Professor George **Lerski** of the USF faculty.

The observance is sponsored by the San Francisco Chapter of the Polish American Congress, Inc. Teofil Kot, the president, estimated there are 20,000 Polish-Americans in the area.

SF Examiner, May 5, 1967

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Oakland Tribune
07 May 1967, Sun - Page 28

Poles to Honor Constitution

~~Some 20,000~~ Americans of **Polish descent** will celebrate Poland Constitution Day today at 2 p.m. at Golden Gate Park in San Francisco.

State Sen. J. Eugene McAteer and University of San Francisco Prof. George **Lerski** will be guest speakers.

There will be a concert by the Golden Gate Park Band and a show of Polish folk dances. The San Francisco Chapter of the Polish American Congress Inc. is sponsoring the festivities.

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San Francisco Examiner, June 30, 1974

Golden Gate Park Bandshell, 1989

Sponsored by the Polish American Congress

Polish Constitution Day Celebration

A day of singing, dancing and speeches sponsored by the Polish American Congress, 2 to 4 p.m. Sunday. Bandshell, Golden Gate Park. Free (558-4268).

San Francisco Examiner, April 21, 1989

POLISH CONSTITUTION DAY Music by the Golden Gate Park Band; also ethnic activities, including Polish folk dancing. 1 p.m. Bandstand at Golden Gate Park. (415) 666-7027.

April 30, 1995, SF Examiner

2005

“2005 was the first year of the flag raising, but it was organized literally a few days before when I found out it was possible to do these; and only me, Caria [Tomczykowska] and my brother attended.”

-- Christopher Kerosky, former Honorary Consul

2006





Steve Kawa (right)





POLISH CULTURE

« The Polish Constitution Day Celebration commemorates the anniversary of the first European democratic constitution, proclaimed by Poland in May 1791. **The Lowiczanie Polish Folk Ensemble**, Anna Samborska Young and the Golden Gate Park band perform from 1 to 3 p.m. on Sunday at the Music Concourse, in Golden Gate Park. Call (408) 396-3023 or visit www.polishclub.org.

San Francisco Examiner, April 30, 2007

Golden Gate Park Band

--Since 1882



<https://goldengateparkband.org>



Historic Photos Shared by
Wanda Tomczykowska and Caria Tomczykowska
Polish Arts and Culture Foundation

Send your Constitution Day photos to:
polishClubSF@polishClubSF.org



Golden Gate Park Bandshell





Gold Gate Park Bandshell



Gold Gate Park Bandshell



Gold Gate Park Bandshell



Gold Gate Park Bandshell



Gold Gate Park Bandshell



Gold Gate Park Bandshell





Gold Gate Park Bandshell





Caria Tomczykowska











Gold Gate Park Bandshell

